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Resolution Number: RS02-196
January, 2002

Academic
Senate

Resolution
on Welfare Reform Reauthorization

#RS02-196

Whereas The United States Congress must reauthorize the 1996 Welfare Reform legislation that sought to "end welfare as we know it" and that mandated a "work first" policy limiting the educational options for people receiving public assistance; and

Whereas The 1996 legislation limited the amount of time people could receive training for employment before losing public assistance; and

Whereas The 1996 legislation mandated that people receiving public assistance start paid work after a minimal time, and increase their working hours to 32 hours a week over an 18 month period; and

Whereas Current research demonstrates that the "work first" policy has reduced the numbers of people receiving public assistance since 1996 without decreasing the poverty rates among those same people; and
Whereas Research consistently indicates that the most significant gains in income are made by those who persist to a college degree; and

Whereas The availability of affordable child care is a critical determining factor in persistence to completion of education for people with children; and

Whereas Current legislative proposals before Congress would make education even more difficult to obtain for people receiving public assistance, increase the work mandate from 32 hours to 40 hours a week, and make significantly fewer child care options available for people receiving public assistance; therefore be it

Resolved That the Academic Senate at San Francisco State University urge Senators Barbara Boxer and Dianne Feinstein to take the lead in proposing a Senate bill that will provide a just and fair reform of current welfare provisions by including the following:

- "stop the clock" -- extend the federal time limits for people seeking education and training;
- count education and homework time as approved work time;
- decrease
the number of work hours required for the receipt of public assistance,
and increase the community service options for that work;
·include
the four-year college option as an authorized choice available to people
receiving public assistance;
·restate
end child and family poverty.”

***APPROVED
UNANIMOUSLY WITH APPLAUSE
May 14, 2002***